

INDEX

Name of Faculty	Mr. Niraj Kumar Bharti
Class-	B.Tech – V SEM
Branch	Civil Engineering
Course Code	5CE4-02
Course Name	Structural Analysis-I
Session	(2023-2024)



RAJASTHAN TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, KOTA Syllabus

3rd Year - V Semester: B.Tech. (Civil Engineering)

5CE4-02: STRUCTURE ANALYSIS-I

Credit: 2 Max. Marks: 100(IA:20, ETE:80)
2L+0T+0P End Term Exam: 2 Hours

		2 mours
SN	Contents	Hours
1	Introduction: Objective, scope and outcome of the course.	1
2	Introduction to Indeterminate structures, Degrees of freedom per node, Static and Kinematic indeterminacy (i.e. for beams, frames & portal with & without sway etc.), Releases in structures, Maxwell's reciprocal theorem and Betti's theorem. Analysis of prop cantilever structures, Analysis of Indeterminate Structure (fixed and continues beams) using Area moment method, Conjugate beam method, Three moments Theorem.	11
3	Analysis of Statically Indeterminate Structures using Slope-deflection method and Moment-distribution method applied to continuous beams and portal frames with and without inclined members	11
4	Vibrations: Elementary concepts of structural vibration, Mathematical models, basic elements of vibratory system. Degree of freedom. Equivalent Spring stiffness of springs in parallel and in series. Simple Harmonic Motion: vector representation, characteristic, addition of harmonic motions, Angular oscillation. Undamped free vibration of SDOF system: Newton's law of motion, D Almbert's principle, deriving equation of motions, solution of differential equation of motion, frequency & period of vibration, amplitude of motion; Introduction to damped and forced vibration.	5
	TOTAL	28

Campus: Poornima College of Engineering Class/Section: 3rd Date: 03/08/2023

Course: B.Tech. Year/ Section - A

Name of Faculty: Mr. Niraj Kumar Bharti Name of Subject :Structural Analysis-I Code: 5CE4-02

ACTIVITY WISE ASSESSMENT TOOLS

Sr. No.	Activity	Assessment	Tools	Weightage	Recommendation
		Method		Marks	
1.	Assignment	Direct	Marks	50	For CO1-CO4
2.	Assignment	Direct	Marks	50	For CO1-CO4
3.	MidTerm1	Direct	Marks	60	For CO1-CO4
4.	MidTerm2	Direct	Marks	60	For CO1-CO4

Campus: Poornima College of Engineering Class/Section: 3rd Date: 03/08/2023

Course: B.Tech. Year/ Section - A

Name of Faculty: Mr. Niraj Kumar Bharti Name of Subject :Structural Analysis-I Code: 5CE4-02

Time Table

Department of Civil Engineering Teacher Niraj Kumar Bharati							
Minha Escola		rodon	Titliaj		Dilait	10	
	1	2	3	LUNCH	4	5	6
	8:00 - 9:00 (3CE4-07) BMC 1004	9:00 - 10:00	10:00 - 11:00	11:00 - 11:50	11:50 - 12:50	12:50 - 13:50 (5CE4-02) SA i 2004	13:50 - 14:50
Мо	III SEM					V SEM	
			(3CE4-07) BMC 1004			(5CE4-62) SAI 2004	
Tu			III SEM			V SEM	
	(5CE4-02) SA-I 2004					(SCE4-24) CEM Lab	4011
We	V SEM					III S	EM
Th							
		(9CE4-24) CEM Lab	4011				(3CE4-07) BMC 1004
Fr		III S					III SEM
	(5CE4-02) SA-I 2004		(5CE4-62) SAI 2004			(3CE4-21) I.T.S 1004	(3CE4-31) LT.S 1064
Sa	V SEM		V SEM			III SEM	III SEM
Dr.P.N Dadhich (F	H.O.D)		TIME TABLE COO	RDINATOR - SUPRIYA	A BANSAL		aSc Timetables

Campus: Poornima College of Engineering Class/Section: 3rd Date: 03/07/2023

Course: B.Tech. Year/ Section - A

Name of Faculty: Mr. Niraj Kumar Bharti Name of Subject:Structural Analysis-I Code: 5CE4-02

COURSE PLAN (Deployment)

me	of Faculty: Mr. Niraj Kumar Bharti N	ame of Subj	ect :Structure		Code 5CE4
.	TOPIC AS PER UNIVERSITY SYLLABUS	Lect No	Planned Del.Date	Actual Del. Date	Reason for Deviation
	ZERO LECTURE	L1			
	UNIT- I Introduction to				
	indeterminate structures				
	> Introduction	L2			
	> Types of supports				
	Reaction component				
	• Redundancy				
	> Types of structure	L3			
	Statically determinate				
	structure				
	Statically indeterminate				
	structure				
	Difference between	L4			
	determinate and				
	indeterminate structures				
	Degrees of freedom per node	L5			

Degree of indeterminacy	
Articulated structure	L6
Rigid jointed frames	
 Numerical practices 	L7
Maxwell's reciprocal	L8
Manwell 5 leesprocus	
Maxwell's law of	L9
reciprocal	L10
Condition for	
application	
Maxwell's equations	L11
Betti's theorem	
> Betti's theorem	
	L12
Betti's Statement B. 447 F. 447	LIZ
Betti's Equation	
Moment Area method	L13
> Three moments Theorem	
Moment Area method	
Introduction	L14
Mohr's theorem	
Mohr's theorem I	
Mohr's theorem II	L15
 Conclusion 	
Conjugate beam method	
	L16
Conjugate beam method	
Introduction	L17
Conjugate beam	
method	
Relationship between	

	an actual beam and			
	conjugate beam			
	Conclusion			
	Concresion			
- IINI	TII			
-		110		
Slope D	eflection method	L18		
	> Introduction	L19		
	Relationship between			
	slope, deflection and	L20		
	radius of curvature			
	Sign conventions	L21		
	Basic Equation	L22		
	➤ Analysis of Beams &	LZZ		
	Frames without Sway			
	➤ Analysis of Beams &	L23		
	Frames with Sway			
	Numerical	L24		
Moment	t Distribution method	L25		
	> Introduction	L26		
	Sign conventions	L27		
	Carry Over Factor for:			
	• Beam fixed at one end	L28		
	and SS at other end	1.20		
	• SS at both ends	L29		
	 Numerical 	L30		
	Stiffness Factor	L31		
	Distribution Factor			
	➤ Analysis of Beams &	L32		
	Frames without Sway	L33		

	➤ Analysis of Beams &	L34		
	Frames with Sway			
2	UNIT III			
3				
	Vibrations			
	Vibrations	L35		
	Elementary concepts of			
	structural vibration			
	Mathematical models			
	basic elements of	L36		
	vibratory system			
	Degree of freedom	L37		
	Equivalent Spring	237		
	stiffness of springs in			
	parallel and in series.			
	Simple Harmonic Motion			
		1.20		
	➤ Simple Harmonic Motion	L38		
	vector representation			
	• characteristic	L39		
	addition of harmonic			
	motions			
	Angular oscillation	L40		
	Undamped free vibration of SDOF system			
	Newton's law of motion			
	D Almbert's principle	L41		
	 deriving equation of 			
	motions			
	 solution of differential 			
		L42		

equation of motion		
• frequency & period of		
vibration		
amplitude of motion		
Introduction to damped		
and forced vibration		

Mr. Niraj Kumar Bharti Assistant Professor

Campus: Poornima College of Engineering Class/Section: 3rd Date: 12 July 2023

Course: B.Tech. Year/ Section - A

Name of Faculty: Niraj Kumar Bharti Name of Subject :Structural Analysis-I Code: 5CE4-02

COURSE PLAN –BLOWN UP

Campus: P	CE Course: B.Tech	h	Class/Section: V	Date: 12/08/2023
Name of Faculty: Niraj Kumar Bharti			Name of Subject: Structure Analysis-I	Code: 5CE4-02
S.No.	Topic as per Syllabus	Bl	LOWN UP TOPICS (Up to 10	ΓIMES SYLLABUS)
1	ZERO LECTURE	In	troduction to the Subject and	l its Significance.
2	Introduction to indeterminate		IntroductionTypes of supports	
	Degrees of freedom per node		 Reaction comport Redundancy Types of structure Statically determine Statically indetermine 	inate structure minate structure een determinate and uctures inacy ture mes ces

	Maxwell's reciprocal theorem Betti's theorem Moment Area method Conjugate beam method	 Condition for application Maxwell's equations Betti's theorem Betti's Equation Three moments Theorem Moment Area method Introduction Mohr's theorem Mohr's theorem I Mohr's theorem II Conclusion Conjugate beam method Introduction Relationship between an actual beam and conjugate beam Conclusion
3	UNIT II Slope Deflection method	 Introduction Relationship between slope, deflection and radius of curvature Sign conventions Basic Equation Analysis of Beams & Frames without Sway Analysis of Beams & Frames with Sway Introduction

	T	/ G. '.
		Sign conventions
	Moment Distribution	Carry Over Factor for:
	method	• Beam fixed at one end and SS at other
		end
		• SS at both ends
		 Numerical
		Stiffness Factor
		Distribution Factor
		Analysis of Beams & Frames without
		Sway
4		Analysis of Beams & Frames with Sway
4		
	UNIT III	Vibrations
	Vibrations	• Elementary concepts of structural
		vibration
		Mathematical models
		 basic elements of vibratory system
		Degree of freedom
		 Equivalent Spring stiffness of springs
	Simple Harmonic	in parallel and in series.
	Motion	Simple Harmonic Motion
		vector representation
		characteristic
		 addition of harmonic motions
		Angular oscillation
	Undamped free	 Aligural oscillation Undamped free vibration of SDOF
	vibration of SDOF	•
	system	systemNewton's law of motion
	System	
		D Almbert's principle
		deriving equation of motions

solution of differential equation of
motion
 frequency & period of vibration
 amplitude of motion
Introduction to damped and forced
vibration

Niraj Kumar Bharti

Assistant Professor



Campus: PCE Course: B.TECH Class/Section: CIVIL ENGINEERING

Name of Faculty: Mr. Niraj Kumar Bharti

Zero Lecture

1). Name of Subject: Structural Analysis-I Code: 5CE4-02

2). Self-Introduction:

- a). Name: Mr. Niraj Kumar Bharti
- b). Qualification: B.Tech Civil Engg, M.Tech (Structural Engg),
- c). Designation: Assistant Professor
- d). Research Area: Structural Engg.
- f). Other details: Structural Engineering is my area of interest which is vital for all Civil Engineering aspects. I will like to share with you, it will enhance your interests towards Structural Engineering subjects likes TOS, SOM, RCC, STEEL STRUCTURE, CONCRETE.
- 1. Areas of proficiency/expertise:
- 1.1 Subjects taken:
- 1.1.1 DCS-1
- 1.1.2 Fluid Mechanics
- 1.1.3 Estimating and costing
- 1.1.4 Building Planning
- 1.1.5 Construction Technology
- 1.1.6 Design of Steel Structure
- 1.1.7 Advance Foundation
- 1.1.8 Structure Analysis
- 1.2 <u>Laboratories Taken</u>
- 1.2.1. Building Planning Lab
- 1.2.2 Estimation and Valuation lab
- 1.2.3 Project Lab
- 1.2.4 Seminar Lab
- 1.2.5 Design of water Resource Structure -1&2
- 1.2.6 Advance Foundation Lab
- 1.3 Academic Proficiency
- 1.3.1 English
- 1.3.2 Hindi
- 1.4 Book Authored

None

3). Introduction of Students:

a). Records of students in semester Vth

Attached in Annexure-A

b). Name of 05 best students based on previous results:

Reg. No.	Name of Students	Batch	CGPA (%)
PCE21CE039	MS SHIVANI VERMA	2021-2025	91.65
PCE21CE040	SHREYA SHARMA	2021-2025	88
PCE21CE007	ANKIT KUMAR MEENA	2021-2025	86.35
PCE21CE010	DEVANSHI MEENA	2021-2025	82.38
PCE21CE010	NITIN KUMAR	2021-2025	80.24

4). Instructional Language: 100% English

- **5). Introduction to subject:** This Subject Comprises of a detailed concept of Introduction to indeterminate structures. It also covers various cases of vibration, Simple Harmonic Motion, Undamped free vibration of SDOF system.
- **a). Relevance to Branch:** Structure Analysis-I is a fundamental subject of structure which co-relates with other sections of civil engineering. Structure Analysis-I helps to design the various components like beams, columns, slabs, portal frames and foundations etc.
- **b). Relevance to Society**: Structure Analysis-I provides all engineering aspects of structural components like beam, column etc by which society can be aware for safe, economic and efficiency of structure points of view.
- c). Relevance to Self: As the structure engineering is the field of interest SOM reflects as the foundation which elaborates the components of structures. Even in Public sector and government bodies' examination questions from Structure Analysis-I contain a huge number which reflects the importance of subject.
- **d). Relation with laboratory:** The whole syllabus of Structure Analysis-I provides a practice evidence to understand the prospect of structural component. Its practical implementation provides an idea of designing of beam and column. Various theorems and structures are proved & analyze in laboratory.
- e). Connection with previous year and next year: Structure Analysis-I itself a foundation of Civil Engineering and it's the base of subject "Strength of material" which gives an idea to student to understand the aspect and prospect of complicated structures like beam, column etc. this subject will help in designing of various components like beams, columns, slabs, portal frames and foundations etc. This subject also provides base to the subjects like Structure Analysis-II, DSS and DCS.

6). Syllabus of Poornima Group of Colleges, Jaipur

Structure Analysis-I (5CE4-02), (L 3, T-1)

Unit-1

Introduction to Indeterminate structures, Degrees of freedom per node, Static and Kinematic indeterminacy (i.e. for beams, frames & portal with & without sway etc.), Releases in structures, Maxwell's reciprocal theorem and Betti's theorem. Analysis of prop cantilever structures, Analysis of Indeterminate Structure (fixed and continues beams) using Area moment method, Conjugate beam method, Three moments Theorem.

Unit-II

Analysis of Statically Indeterminate Structures using Slope-deflection method and Moment-distribution method applied to continuous beams and portal frames with and without inclined members

Unit-III

Vibrations: Elementary concepts of structural vibration, Mathematical models, basic elements of vibratory system. Degree of freedom. Equivalent Spring stiffness of springs in parallel and in series.

Simple Harmonic Motion: vector representation, characteristic, addition of harmonic motions, Angular oscillation.

Undamped free vibration of SDOF system: Newton's law of motion, D Almbert's principle, deriving equation of motions, solution of differential equation of motion, frequency & period of vibration, amplitude of motion; Introduction to damped and forced vibration.

(b). ABC analysis RGB method) of unit & topics

RED: - HARD TOPIC GREEN: - MEDIUM TOPIC BLUE: - EASY TOPIC

Structure Analysis-I (5CE4-02), (L 3, T-1)

Unit-1

Introduction to Indeterminate structures, Degrees of freedom per node, Static and Kinematic indeterminacy (i.e. for beams, frames & portal with & without sway etc.), Releases in structures, Maxwell's reciprocal theorem and Betti's theorem. Analysis of prop cantilever structures, Analysis of Indeterminate Structure (fixed and continues beams) using Area moment method, Conjugate beam method, Three moments Theorem.

Unit-II

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Undamped free vibration of SDOF system: Newton's law of motion, D Almbert's principle, deriving equation of motions, solution of differential equation of motion, frequency & period of vibration, amplitude of motion; Introduction to damped and forced vibration.

7). Books/ Website/Journals & Handbooks/ Association & Institution:

a). Recommended Text & Reference Books and Websites:

S. No.	Title of Book	Authors	Publisher	Cost	No. of
				(Rs.)	books in

					Library			
Text B	Text Books							
T1	Theory of Structure	R.S. Khurmi	S.Chand	240/-	25			
T2	Theory of Structure-	B.C. Punmia	Laxmi	320/-	15			
	II		Publication					
T3	Theory of Structure	Ramamurtham	Dhanpat	595/-	15			
			Rai					
			Publication					
T4	Mechanics of	B.C. Punmia	Laxmi	350/-	15			
	materials		Publication					
Refere	nce Books							
R1	Structure Analysis	Gupta and Pandit	McGraw Hill	395/-	12			
R2	Mechanics of	Timoshenko &	McGraw Hill	375/-	10			
	Structures	Young						
R3	Structural Analysis	Thandavamoorthy	Oxford	655/-	5			
			Publication					
Websit	Websites related to subject							
1	www.nptel.com							
2	www.mit.org							
3.	www.mathalino.com							

b). Journals & Handbooks: -

CSIR-Structural Engineering Research Centre, Chennai publish "Journal of Structural Engineering" (JOSE).

- c). Associations and Institutions: -
- 1. Indian Association of Structural Engineers.
- 2. Indian Society of Structural Engineers.

8). Syllabus Deployment: -

a). Total weeks available for academics (excluding holidays) as per Poornima Foundation calendar-

Semester	V th
No. of Working days available(Approx.)	60
No. of Weeks (Approx.)	12

• Total weeks available for special activities (as mentioned below)- 02 weeks (Approx.)

Note: Individual faculty must calculate the exact no. of lectures available according to time table etc. after consultation with HOD.

- b). Special Activities (To be approved by HOD & Dean & must be mentioned in deployment):
 - Open Book Test- Two in a semester
 - Quiz Once in a semester
 - Special Lectures (SPL)- Minimum 10% of total no. of lectures including following
 - i. Smart Class by the faculty, who is teaching the subject
 - ii. SPL by expert faculty at PGC level
 - iii. SPL by expert from industry/academia (other institution)
 - Revision classes (Solving Important Question Bank):- 1 class before Mid Term and 2 classes before End Term Exam
- c). Lecture schedule per week
- i). University scheme (L+T+P) = 3+3+6
- d). Introduction & Conclusion: Each subject, unit and topic shall start with introduction & close with conclusion. In case of the subject, it is Zero lecture.

- e). Time Distribution in lecture class: Time allotted: 60 min.
 - i. First 5 min. should be utilized for paying attention towards students who were absent for last lecture or continuously absent for many days + taking attendance by calling the names of the students and also sharing any new/relevant information.
- ii. Actual lecture delivery should be of 50 min.
- iii. Last 5 min. should be utilized by recapping/ conclusion of the topic. Providing brief introduction of the coming up lecture and suggesting portion to read.
- iv. After completion of any Unit/Chapter a short quiz should be organized.
- v. During lecture student should be encouraged to ask questions.

Note: Pl. ensures that each student is having Lecture Note Book. Also, write on the black board day and date, name of the teacher, name of subject with code, unit and lecture no. and topics to be covered at the beginning of each lecture and ensure that students write in lecture note book. Ask students to leave 4/5 pages blank for copying the note from fellow students in case of their absenteeism.

9). Tutorial: - An essential component of Teaching- Learning process in Professional Education.

Objective: - To enhance the recall mechanism.

To promote logical reasoning and thinking of the students.

To interact personally to the students for improve numerical solving ability.

a). Tutorial processing: - Tutorial sheet shall be provided to each students

Ist Phase: - It is consisting of questions to be solved in the class assignment session in test mode on perforated sheet given in tutorial notebook and to be collected & kept by respective faculty for review & analysis (20 minutes).

IInd Phase: - Indicating/Initializing the weak issues/ drawback and Evaluating and providing the grade. Making a group with good student for assisting the weak students to explain/solve questions by every student on plain papers given in tutorial note book (20 minutes).

IIIrd Phase: - Solving/ explaining difficulties of lecture class and providing the new home assignment (20 minutes). To be done in tutorial note book.

- b). Home assignment shall comprise of two parts:
 - Part (i) Minimum essential questions, which are to be solved and submitted by all with in specified due date.
 - Part (ii) Other important questions, which may also be solved and submitted for examining and guidance by teacher.

10). Examination Systems:

Sr. No.	Name of the Exam	Max. Marks	% of passing marks	Nature of paper Theory + Numerical	Syllabus coverage (in %)	Conducted by
1.	Ist Mid Term Exam	10	40	25+75	60	PCE
2.	IInd Mid Term Exam	10	40	20+80	40	PCE
3.	University (End) Term Exam	80	30	20+80	100	RTU, Kota

Students must to take calculator

Place & Date:

Name of Faculty with Designation Mr. Niraj Kumar Bharti Assistant Professor

Assignment-I

Campus: PCE Course: B.TECH	Year /Semester: 3 rd / 5 th	Date:
Name of Faculty: Mr. Niraj Kumar	Name of Subject: Structural Analysis-I	Code: 5CE4-02
Bharti		

CO	РО	QUESTIONS	MARKS
CO1	PO1	Discuss the concept of degree of freedom and write about the damped and undammed vibrations.	10
CO2	PO2	Explain the Maxwell's reciprocal theorem and also apply the theorem on a structure to prove the same.	10

Assignment-1

CO-Gap Identification

	СО					
Overall CO Attainments for PO	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	СО
Targets	2	2	2	3		2.25
Attainments D2	1.99	1.97				2.21
Gap	0.01	0.03				0.04

PO Attainment

PO1	PO2	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
2	2.5	1.5	2	3
1.60784314		0.82353		
0.39215686		0.67647		

Gaps Identified:

Describe what the reasons for gap are:

1. All appeared students attempt question of CO1 very well but few students get less marks in CO2 due to not attend regular classes.

Activities decided to bridge the gap

1. Assignment

Assignment-II

Campus: PCE Course: B.TECH	Year /Semester: 3 rd / 5 th	Date:
Name of Faculty: Mr. Niraj Kumar	Name of Subject: Structural Analysis-I	Code: 5CE4-02
Bharti		

СО	РО	QUESTIONS	MARKS
CO3	PO3	The continuous beam shown in fig. has sunk by an amount of 5 mm at support. Determine the end moments.	10
CO4	PO4	Analyze the system as shown in fig. Find M. Such that system has natural frequency of 10 Hz. $k_1=2200 \text{ N/m}, \ k_2=1800 \text{ N/m}, \ k_3=3200 \text{ N/m}, \ k_4=k_5=550 \text{ N/m}$	10

Assignment-2

CO-Gap Identification

		CO						
Overall CO Attainments for PO	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	СО		
Targets	2	2	2	3		2.25		
Attainments D2	1.99	1.97	1.96	2.94		2.21		
Gap	0.01	0.03	0.04	0.06		0.04		

PO Attainment

PO	PO1	PO2	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
Targets	2	2.5	1.5	2	3
Attainments D2	1.61	2.37	0.82	1.67	2.94
Gap	0.39	0.13	0.68	0.33	0.06

Gaps Identified:

Describe what the reasons for gap are:

1. All appeared students attempt question of CO3 very well but few students get less marks in CO4, due to not attempt properly.

Activities decided to bridge the gap

- 1. More Number of problems provided through assignments and class test
- 2. Practice of repetitive design problems.

POORNIMA COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, JAIPUR

III B.TECH. (V Sem.)

Max. Time: 2 hrs.

Roll No.

FIRST MID TERM EXAMINATION 2023-24 Code: 5CE4-02 Category: PCC Subject Name-Structure analysis

(BRANCH - CIVIL ENGINEERING)

Course Credit: Max. Marks: 60

Read the guidelines given with each part carefully. NOTE:-

Course Outcomes (CO):

At the end of the course the student should be able to:

CO1: Able to define basic concepts of structure analysis used in civil engineering

CO2: Able to explain various methods and theorems used for analysis of civil structures.

CO3: Able to apply concepts of Area moment method, Conjugate beam method, three moments theorem, vibration, Mathematical models to analyze building components

CO4: Able to analyze Statically Indeterminate Structures using Slope-deflection method, Moment-distribution method and simple harmonic motion concepts.

	PART - A: (All questions are compulsory) Max. Marks (1	0)			
		Marks	СО	BL	РО
Q.1	What do you mean by static indeterminacy?	2	1	1	1
Q.2	Illustrate the different type of supports and their degree of freedom?	2	1	1	1
Q.3	Draw a neat diagram to show fixed beam, Cantilever beam, propped cantilever and continuous beam.	2	1	1	1
Q.4	Define conjugate beam?	2	2	2	1
Q.5	Find the degree of kinematic indeterminacy of single bay portal frame fixed at its base?	2	2	2	2
	PART - B: (Attempt 4 questions out of 6) Max. Marks (2)		ı		.L
Q.6	Use the Moment Area theorem to solve the slope and deflection at quarter span of the simply supported beam loaded with a point load of P kN at the center of span.	5	3	3	2
Q.7	Explain the Maxwell's reciprocal theorem and also apply the theorem on a structure to prove the same.	5	3	2	1
Q.8	Match List-I (Structure) with List-II (Degree of static indeterminacy) and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists: List-I A. 1. Three B. Hinge C. THERMOND SINCE SIX D. TWO 4. Four	5	2	3	2

Q.10 Explain Bettis theorem with suitable example. Q.11 For a propped cantilever find the reactions using moment area theorem? DART - C: (Attempt 3 questions out of 4) Max. Marks (30) Q.12 If end B settles down by Δ, find the moment generated due to this at A and B using conjugate beam method? Analyze continuous beam ABC using three moment equation and Draw Shear force and Bending Moment Diagram. El is constant. Q.14 Solve the beam using slope deflection method and draw Bending moment diagram. 10 4 4 4 12kN/m 2kN/m 2kN/m 2kN/m 2kN/m 4 4						
Q.10 Explain Bettis theorem with suitable example. Q.11 For a propped cantilever find the reactions using moment area theorem? DART - C: (Attempt 3 questions out of 4) Max. Marks (30) PART - C: (Attempt 3 questions out of 4) Max. Marks (30) Q.12 If end B settles down by A, find the moment generated due to this at A and B using corrigate beam method? Days a settles down by A, find the moment generated due to this at A and B using corrigate beam method? Analyze continuous beam ABC using three moment equation and Draw Shear force and Bending Moment Diagram. El is constant. Share a settles down by A, find the moment equation and Draw Shear force and Bending Moment Diagram. El is constant.	Q.9	Find degree of static and kinematic indeterminacy of the following structure	5	2	3	2
Q.10 Explain Bettis theorem with suitable example. Q.11 For a propped cantilever find the reactions using moment area theorem? DART - C: (Attempt 3 questions out of 4) Max. Marks (30) Q.12 If end B settles down by \(\triangle \), find the moment generated due to this at A and B using conjugate beam method? Q.13 Analyze continuous beam ABC using three moment equation and Draw Shear force and Bending Moment Diagram. El is constant. Q.14 Solve the beam using slope deflection method and draw Bending moment diagram. Q.15 Solve the beam using slope deflection method and draw Bending moment diagram.						
Q.11 For a propped cantilever find the reactions using moment area theorem? 5 3 3 3 PART - C: (Attempt 3 questions out of 4) Max. Marks (30) Q.12 If end B settles down by A, find the moment generated due to this at A and B using conjugate beam method? Q.13 Analyze continuous beam ABC using three moment equation and Draw Shear force and Bending Moment Diagram. El is constant. Q.14 Solve the beam using slope deflection method and draw Bending moment diagram.		Fig1 Fig2				
PART - C: (Attempt 3 questions out of 4) Max. Marks (30) Q.12 If end B settles down by Δ, find the moment generated due to this at A and B using conjugate beam method? A B using conjugate beam method? A Analyze continuous beam ABC using three moment equation and Draw Shear force and Bending Moment Diagram. El is constant. Q.13 Solve the beam using slope deflection method and draw Bending moment diagram.	Q.10	Explain Bettis theorem with suitable example.	5	3	2	1
 Q.12 If end B settles down by Δ, find the moment generated due to this at A and B using conjugate beam method? Q.13 Analyze continuous beam ABC using three moment equation and Draw Shear force and Bending Moment Diagram. El is constant. Q.14 Solve the beam using slope deflection method and draw Bending moment diagram. Q.14 Diagram Back and Ba	Q.11	For a propped cantilever find the reactions using moment area theorem?	5	3	3	2
 Q.12 If end B settles down by Δ, find the moment generated due to this at A and B using conjugate beam method? Q.13 Analyze continuous beam ABC using three moment equation and Draw Shear force and Bending Moment Diagram. El is constant. Q.14 Solve the beam using slope deflection method and draw Bending moment diagram. Q.14 Solve the beam using slope deflection method and draw Bending moment diagram. 		PART - C: (Attempt 3 questions out of 4) Max. Marks (36)))			
Q.13 Analyze continuous beam ABC using three moment equation and Draw Shear force and Bending Moment Diagram. El is constant. Q.14 Solve the beam using slope deflection method and draw Bending moment diagram. 2NNm B 2NNm B 2NN 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Q.12		10	3	3	2
Shear force and Bending Moment Diagram. El is constant. Shall be a shall be		A LE, I				
diagram. 2kN/m 2kN/m 4m 4m	Q.13		10	4	4	3
2kN/m B C 24m dhuna dhuna 4m 4m	Q.14		10	4	4	3
		2kN/m B ©				
Q. 15 Write down the difference between force and displacement method. 10 1 1	Q. 15	Write down the difference between force and displacement method	10	1	1	

BLOOM's LEVEL WISE MARKS DISTRIBUTION	CO CO1	COURSE OUTCO	ME W BL L1	BLOOM's 1
	CO2 CO3	20 24	L2 L3	25% 30%
25% 20% L1 L2 L3 L4	CO4	20	L4	25%

BL – Bloom's Taxonomy Levels (1- Remembering, 2- Understanding, 3 – Applying, 4 –

Analyzing, 5 – Evaluating, 6 - Creating)

CO – Course Outcomes; PO – Program Outcomes

Activity-3

Session 2023-24

Mid Term-I

CO-Gap Identification

СО								
Overall CO Attainments for PO	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	co		
Targets	2	2	2	3	-	2.25		
Attainments	1.58	1.53	1.54	2.28		1.69		
Gap	0.42	0.47	0.46	0.72		0.56		

PO Attainment

	PO				
Overall CO Attainments for PO	PO1	PO2	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
Targets	2	2.5	1.5	2	3
Attainments	1.1404	1.5686	0.6184	1.0933	2.303
Gap	0.8596	0.9314	0.8816	0.9067	0.697

Gaps Identified:

Describe what the reasons for gap are:

1. All appeared students attempt question of CO1 very well but few students get less marks in CO2, CO3 and CO4 due to not attempt properly.

Activities decided to bridge the gap

- 1. More Number of problems provided through assignments and class test
- 2. Practice of repetitive design problems.

POORNIMA COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, JAIPUR

III B.TECH. (V Sem.)

Max. Time: 2 hrs.

Roll No. **SECOND MID TERM EXAMINATION 2023-24**

Code: 5CE4-02 Category: PCC Subject Name-Structure analysis

(BRANCH - CIVIL ENGINEERING)

Course Credit: Max. Marks: 60

Read the guidelines given with each part carefully. NOTE:-

Course Outcomes (CO):

At the end of the course the student should be able to:

CO1: Able to define basic concepts of structure analysis used in civil engineering

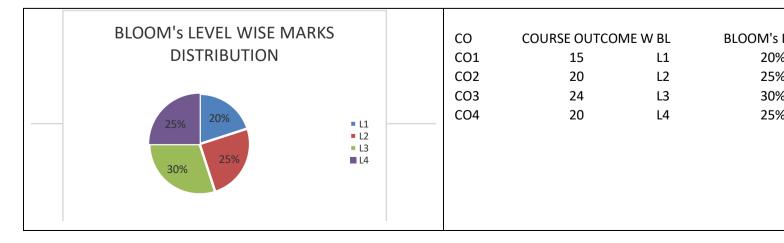
CO2: Able to explain various methods and theorems used for analysis of civil structures.

CO3: Able to apply concepts of Area moment method, Conjugate beam method, three moments theorem, vibration, Mathematical models to analyze building components

CO4: Able to analyze Statically Indeterminate Structures using Slope-deflection method, Moment-distribution method and simple harmonic motion concepts.

111	thou and simple narmonic motion concepts.				
	PART - A: (All questions are compulsory) Max. Marks (10)	Marks		- П	DO
		Marks	СО	BL	РО
Q.1	Define the term stiffness of spring.	2	1	1	1
Q.2	Explain simple harmonic motion.	2	1	1	1
Q.3	State D-alembert's Principle.	2	1	1	1
Q.4	Define conjugate beam?	2	2	2	1
Q.5	Discuss the term time period, amplitude and damping.	2	2	2	2
	PART - B: (Attempt 4 questions out of 6) Max. Marks (20)		1		
Q.6	Illustrate the following terms for moment distribution method	5	3	3	2
	A. Stiffness of the member				
	B. Distribution factor				
	C. Carry over factor				
	O. Carry over ractor				
Q.7	Find distribution factor at each joint for the following figure.	5	3	2	1
	80 kN				
	72 kN 24 kN				
	A 24 kN/m B 16 kN/m C D				
	6m 6m 2m 4m				
	om - 12m - 6m 1.5m				
Q.8	Write chart notes on	5	2	3	2
Q.0	Write short notes on		_		_
	A. Degree of freedom				
	B. Newton's law of motion				
	C. Three moment theorem				
		_			
Q.9	A propped cantilever beam is loaded with point load at center. Find the reaction generated at propped end? Use any method.	5	2	3	2
	generated at propped end: Use any method.				

		T		1	Γ
Q.10	Describe damped and forced vibration with neat sketch.	5	3	2	1
Q.11	Derive equivalent stiffness for n spring connected in series and in parallel?	5	3	3	2
	PART - C: (Attempt 3 questions out of 4) Max. Marks (30)				
Q.12	Describe solution of differential equation of motion in undamped free vibration of Single degree of freedom.	10	3	3	2
Q.13	Analyze the following using moment distribution method. A 10 kN/m (21) (21) (21) (31) (1) (1) (1)	10	4	4	3
Q.14	Solve the beam using moment distribution method and draw Bending moment diagram. $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	10	4	4	3
Q. 15	Categories and explain types of damping.	10	1	1	1



BL – Bloom's Taxonomy Levels (1- Remembering, 2- Understanding, 3 – Applying, 4 –

Analyzing, 5 – Evaluating, 6 - Creating)

CO – Course Outcomes; **PO – Program Outcomes**

Activity-4 Mid Term-II

Session 2023-24

CO-Gap Identification

	СО								
Overall CO Attainments for PO	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	CO			
Targets	2	2	2	3	-	2.25			
MID I Attainments	1.581	1.533	1.535	2.28		1.688			
Attainments Mid II	1.8739	1.6	1.874	1.8438		1.962			
Attainments Cumulative	1.7274	1.567	1.705	2.0619		1.825			
Gap	0.2726	0.433	0.295	0.9381		0.425			

PO Attainment

	PO				
Overall CO Attainments for PO	PO1	PO2	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
Targets	2	2.5	1.5	2	3
MID I Attainments	1.1404	1.569	0.618	1.0933	2.303
Attainments Mid II	1.3509	1.689	0.618	0.9375	2.8108
Attainments Cumulative	1.2456	1.629	0.618	1.0154	2.5569
Gap	0.7544	0.871	0.882	0.9846	0.4431

Gaps Identified:

Describe what the reasons for gap are:

1. All appeared students attempt question of CO1 very well but few students get less marks in CO2, CO3 and CO4 due to not attempt properly.

Activities decided to bridge the gap

- 1. More Number of problems provided through assignments and class test
- 2. Practice of repetitive design problems.

Overall Attainment

Session 2023-24

CO-Gap Identification

	GAP ANALYSIS						
CO Attainments	Overall CO	Gap					
Mid I Attainment	2.25	0.75					
Mid II Attainment	2.42	0.58					
RTU Component Attainments	2.35	0.65					
D2 Attainments	2.57	0.43					
Overall CO Attainment	2.50	0.50					
Target	3						
Gap Identified							

PO Attainment

PO										
Classwise PO Attainments	PO1	PO2	PSO 1	PSO2	PSO3					
Through Mid I	1.14	1.57	0.62	1.09	2.30					
Through Mid II	1.35	1.69	0.62	0.94	2.81					
Through RTU Component	1.28	1.96	0.96	1.28	2.35					
Through D2	1.93	2.37	1.21	1.67	2.94					
Overall PO attainments through CO	1.12	1.82	0.75	1.06	2.24					
Target	2.00	2.50	1.50	2.00	3.00					
Overall Gap	0.88	0.68	0.75	0.94	0.76					

Gaps Identified:

Describe what the reasons for gap are:

1. All appeared students attempt question of CO1 very well but few students get less marks in CO2, CO3 and CO4 due to not attempt properly due to numerical problems.

Activities decided to bridge the gap

- 1. More Number of problems provided through assignments and class test in the next year.
- 2. Practice of repetitive design problems.



Summery Sheet

Name of faculty	
Class-	B. Tech – V SEM
Branch	Civil Engineering
Course Code	5CE4-02
Course Name	Structure Analysis -I
Session	(2022-2023)

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completion of course

CO1: Able to define basic concepts of structure analysis used in civil engineering.

CO2: Able to explain various methods and theorems used for analysis of civil structures.

CO3: Able to apply concepts of Area moment method, Conjugate beam method, three moments theorem, vibration, Mathematical models to analyze building components.

CO4: Able to analyze Statically Indeterminate Structures using Slope-deflection method, Moment-distribution method and simple harmonic motion concepts.

CO-PO/PSO MAPPING AND TARGETS

CO		PO											Avg.	PSO		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	CO Targets	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	1
CO2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	3
CO3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	3
CO4	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	3

Level of course

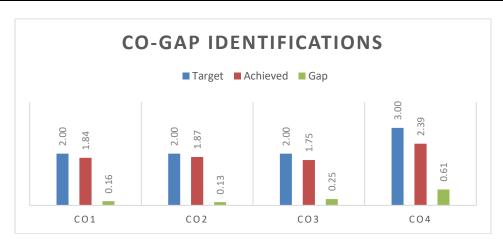
Course Category	Level 3	Level 2	Level 1
A	60% of students getting	50-60% of students	40-50% of students
	>60% marks	getting >60% marks	getting >60% marks

ACTIVITY WISE ASSESSMENT TOOLS

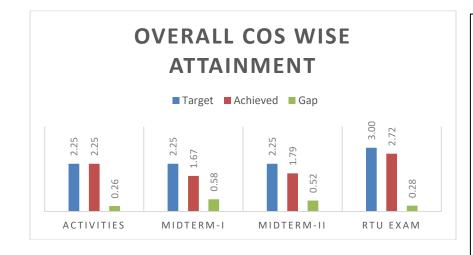
Sr. No.	Activity	Assessment	Tools	Weightage	Recommendation
		Method		Marks	
1.	Assignment-I	Direct	Marks	20	For CO1-CO2
2.	Assignment-II	Direct	Marks	20	For CO3-CO4
3.	MidTerm1	Direct	Marks	60	For CO1-CO4
4.	MidTerm2	Direct	Marks	60	For CO1-CO4

CO-GAP IDENTIFICATIONS

COs	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4
Target	2.00	2.00	2.00	3.00
Achieved	1.84	1.87	1.75	2.39
Gap	0.16	0.13	0.25	0.61



CO: 5CE4-02: SA -I											
Activities Midterm-I Midterm-II RTU exam											
Target	2.25	2.25	2.25	3.00							
Achieved	2.25	1.67	1.79	2.72							
Gap	0.26	0.58	0.52	0.28							



Gaps Identified:

Describe what the reasons for gaps are

- 1. There is slightly gap in midterm-I.
- 2. Many No. of students was debarred in this subject in midterm- I and midterm-II, so they got less marks in RTU.

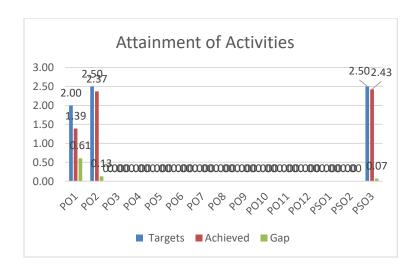
Activities decided to bridge the gap

1. Focus on more numbers of repetitive design problems will be solved in classroom practices and also give to student in assignment.

POs and PSOs GAP IDENTIFICATION

Attainment of PO through CO(Class Test, OBT and Quiz) Component

5CE4-02	РО												PSO		
	ı														
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
Targets	2.00	2.50													2.50
Achieved	1.39	2.37													2.43
Gap	0.61	0.13													0.07
Attainmer	nt of PO	through (CO(MID	TERM-	l) Com	ponent	t								
5CE4-02						F	20							PSO	
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
Targets	2.00	2.50													2.50
Achieved	1.09	1.44													1.39
Gap	0.91	1.06													1.11
Attainmer	nt of PO	through (CO(MID	TERM-	II) Com	ponen	it								
5CE4-02						F	90						PSO		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
Targets	2.00	2.50													2.50
Achieved	1.37	1.25													1.53
Gap	0.63	1.25													0.97
Attainmer	nt of PO	through (CO(RTU)) Comp	onent										
5CE4-02						F	90						PSO		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
Targets	2.00	2.50													2.50
Achieved	1.39	2.27													2.27
Gap	0.61	0.23													0.23
Attainmer	nt & Gap	of Overa	II PO Se	ession 2	2021-2	2									
5CE4-02						F	90						PSO		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
Targets	2.00	2.50													2.50
Achieved	1.09	2.08													1.67
Gap	0.91	0.42													0.83



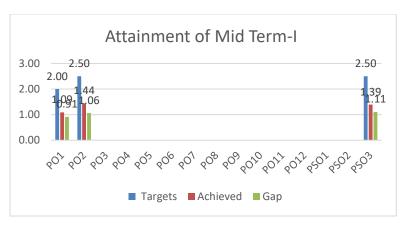
Gaps Identified:

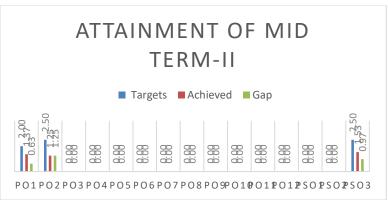
Describe what the reasons for gaps

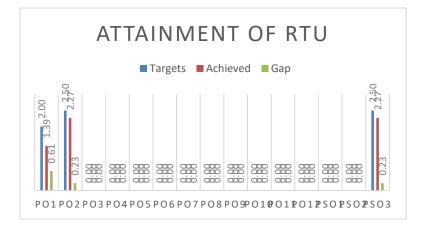
1. PO2 achieved but gap is identified in PO1 because few students get the less marks in design problems and attainment target is 3

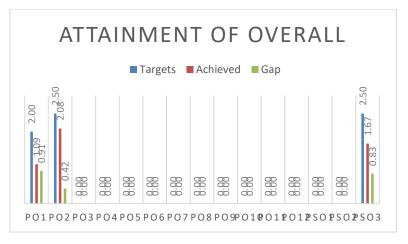
Activities decided the gap

1. More assignments and practice of repetitive design problems.









Gaps Identified:

Describe what the reasons for gaps are

1. There is a gap in PO2 because few students was absent in design class and get the less marks in design problems.

Activities decided the gap

1. More assignments and practice of repetitive design problems to selected

Gaps Identified:

Describe what the reasons for gaps are

1. There is a gap in PO2 because few students was absent in design class and get the less marks in design problems.

Activities decided the gap

1. More assignments and practice of repetitive design problems to selected

Gaps Identified:

Describe what the reasons for gaps are

1. PO2 achieved but gap is identified in PO1 because few students get the less marks in design problems and attainment target is 3

Activities decided the gap

1. More assignments and practice of repetitive design problems.

Gaps Identified:

Describe what the reasons for gaps are

1. PO2 achieved but gap is identified in PO1 because few students get the less marks in design problems and attainment target is 3

Activities decided the gap

1. More assignments and practice of repetitive design problems.